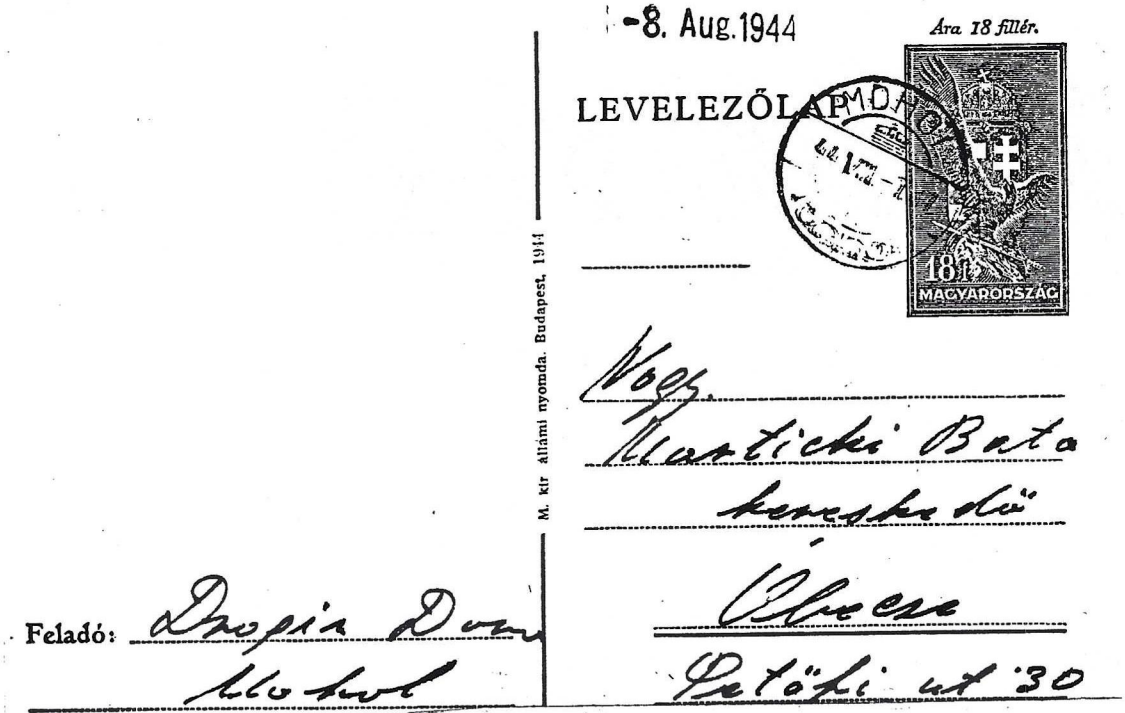
BACSKA
Standard Postmarks

Mohol
7 August 1944

Mozsor
15 February 1944





7o a ter Y

Comité International de la Croix-rouge

Palais du Conseil Général

G E N É VE /Suisse/

New postal card with higher 18 filler denomination sent from Mohol (Mol) and international letter paid at 50 filler from Mozsor (Mosorin).

BACSKA
Standard Postmarks

Muraszombat
16 August 1943

Nadalja
26 March 1942

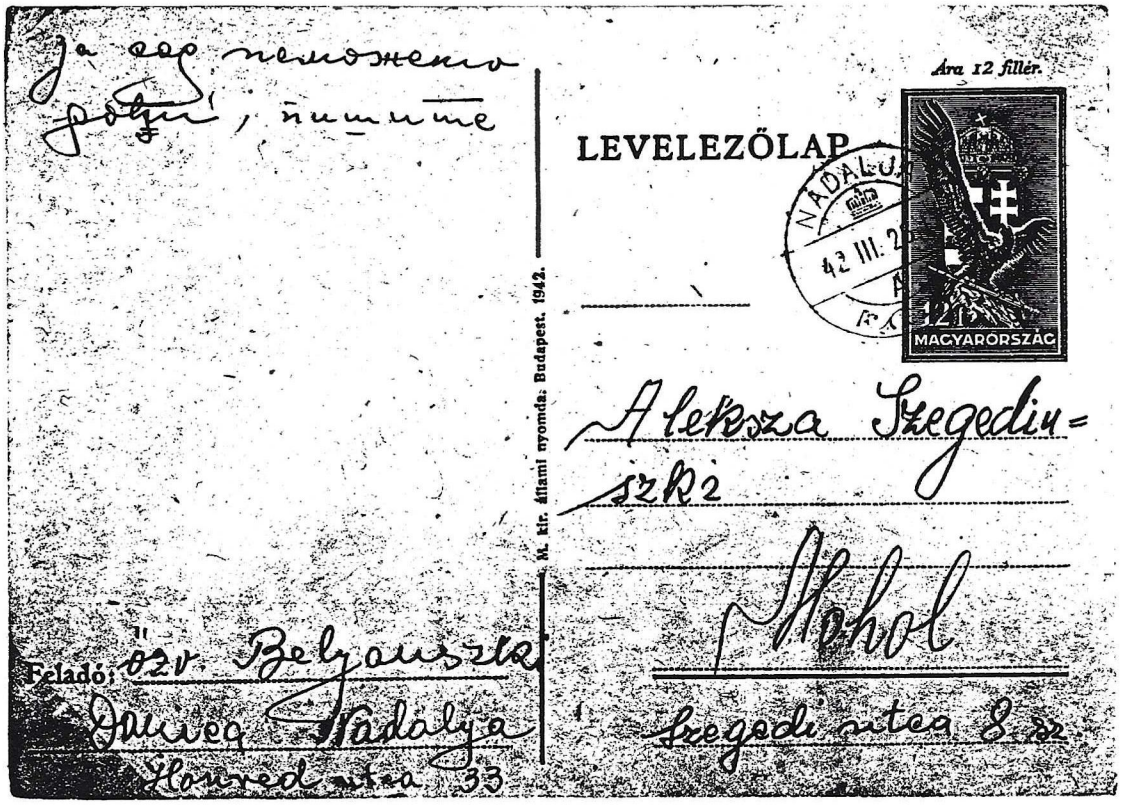


Tekintete

Nemzetközi Vöröskereszt Egylet

Ajánlott
Muraszombat
99

Genf



International registered letter paid at 1 pengo from Muraszombat (Murska Sobota). Domestic postal card with 12 filler denomination sent from Nadalja (Nadal).

BACSKA
Standard Postmarks

Palona
7 August 1944

Peterreve
22 July 1943



International registered letters paid at 1.20 and 1.40 pengo, the latter to Ankara, Turkey with an airmail surcharge of 20 filler. Sent from Palona (Plavna) and Peterreve (Backo Petrovo Selo).

BACSKA
Standard Postmarks

Sajkasgyorgye
29 July 1944

Szenttamas
10 September 1943

22. Juli 1944

Ára 18 fillér.

LEVELEZŐLAP

M. kir. állami nyomda. Budapest. 1944.

Feladó:

Comité International De la Croix-Rouge

Genève.

Palais du Conseil-Général.

Suisse - Švajc

Domestic postal card of 18 filler denomination sent from Sajkasgyorgye (Durdevo) to Obecse and international letter paid at 50 filler sent from Szenttamas (Srobran).

BACSKA
Standard Postmarks

Szilberek
22 July 1941

Szond
23 August 1943

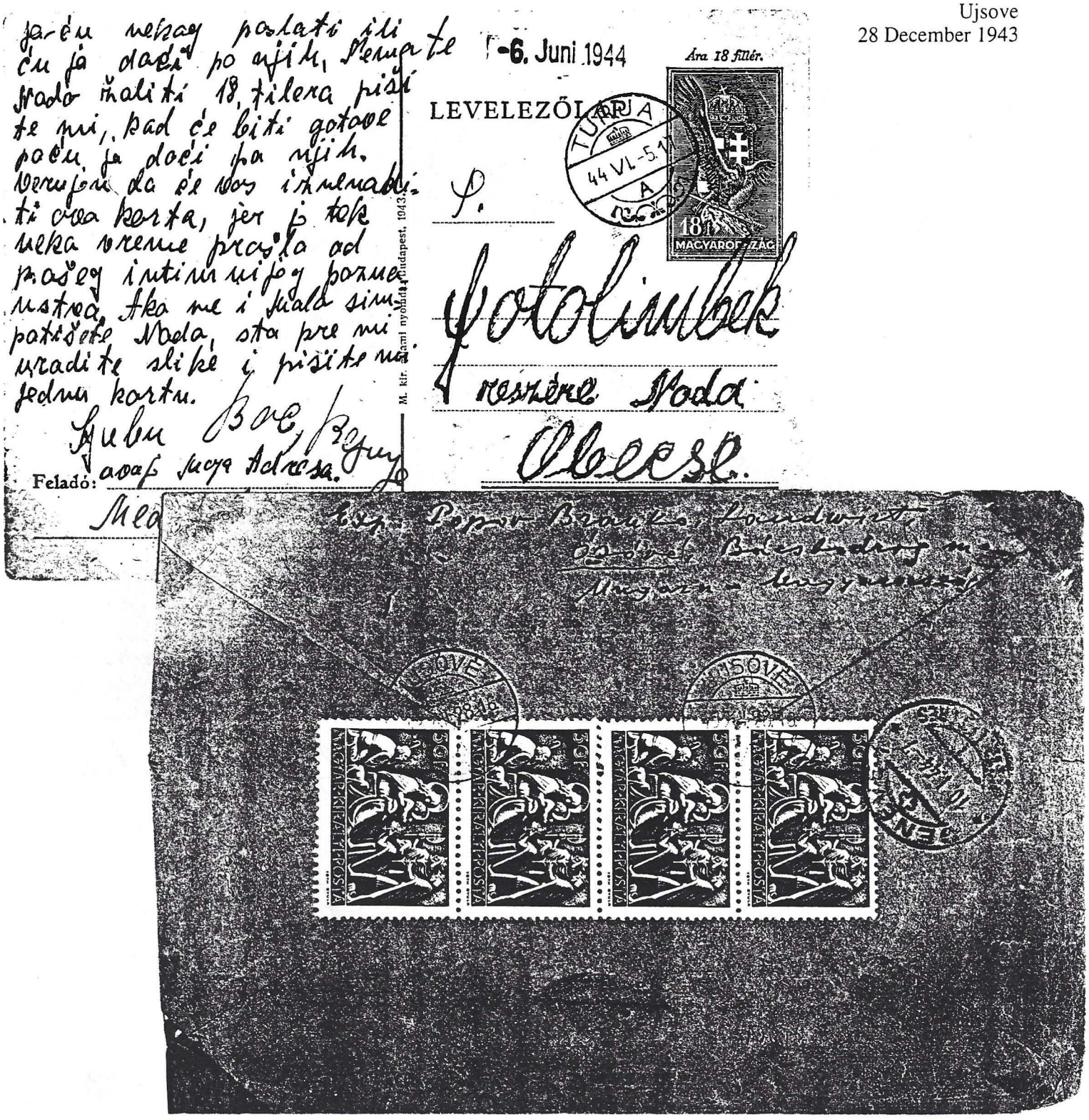


International registered letters with 82 filler paid to Croatia and 1.20 pengo to Switzerland. Sent from Szilberek (Backi Brestova) and Szond (Sonta), respectively.

BACSKA
Standard Postmarks

Turja
5 June 1944

Ujsove
28 December 1943

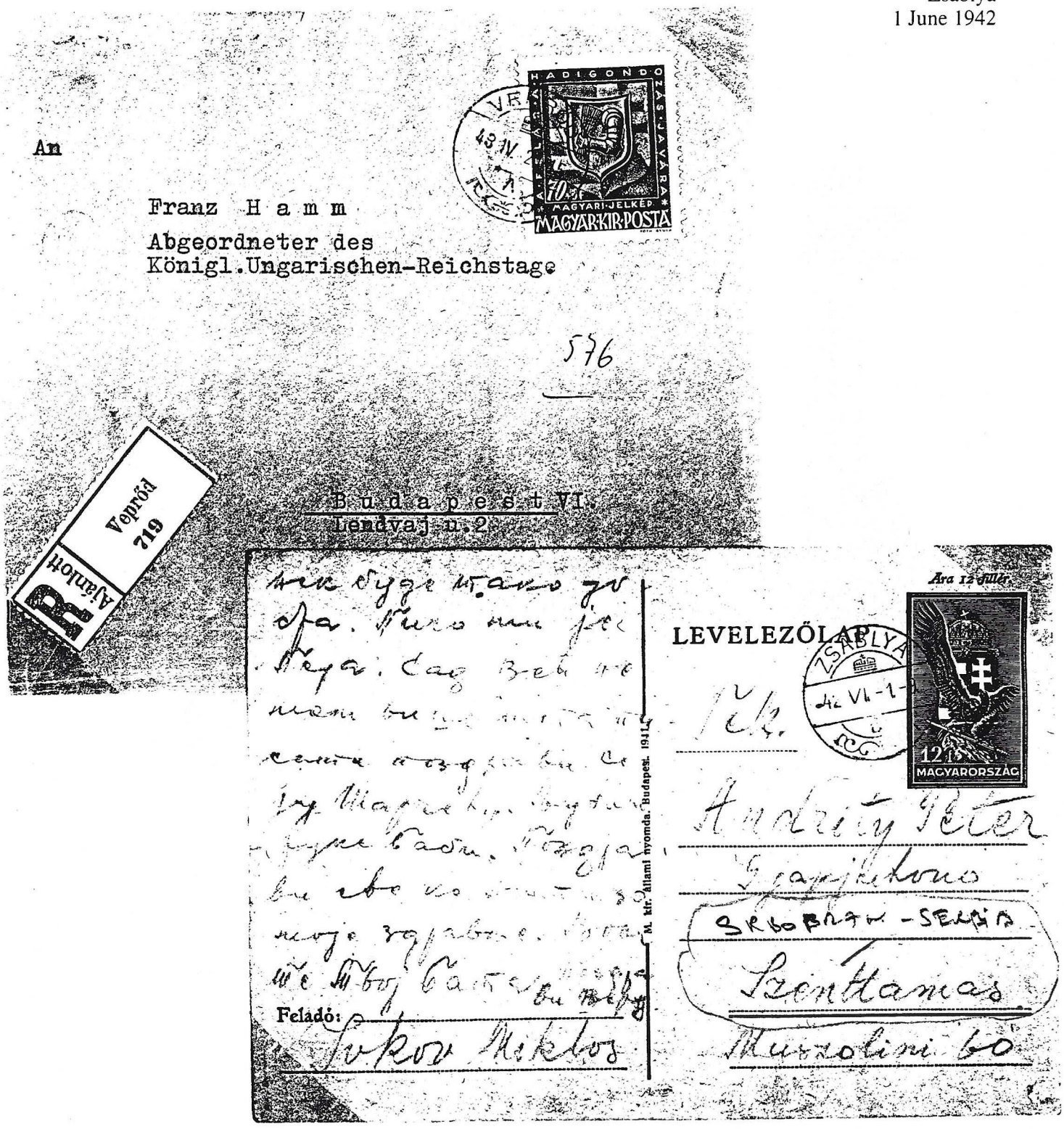


Domestic postal card mailed from Turja (Turija) and international registered letter with 1.20 pengo in 1943 Christmas stamps sent from Ujsove (Novi Sove).

BACSKA
Standard Postmarks

Veprod
21 April 1943

Zsablya
1 June 1942



Domestic registered cover franked with 70 filler from Veprod (Veprovac) to Budapest. A most unusual usage of the 1943 semi-postal for the aid of war invalids. Internal postal card of 12 filler denomination sent from Zsablya (Zabali) to Szenttamas.

BACSKA
Commemorative Postmarks

Szabadka
27 July 1941
22 November 1942
18 June 1943

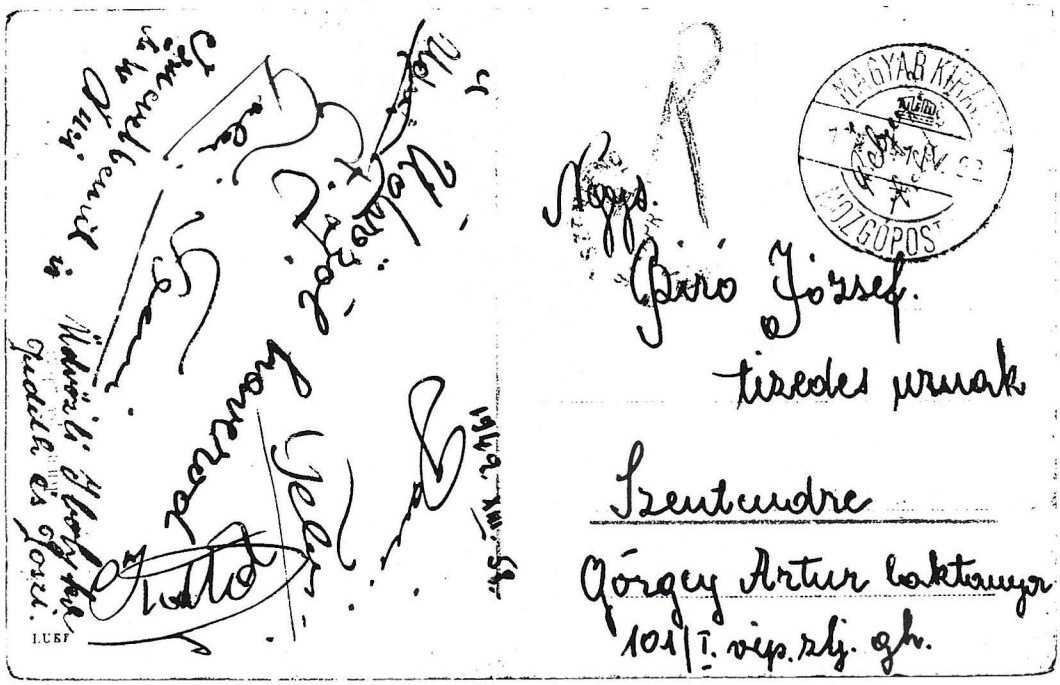


Several commemorative postmarks were issued to publicize various events, including a fair, the 300th anniversary of the Piaristic Order and the 75th birthday of Admiral Horthy, in the recovered territories. Mostly found on philatelically-prepared pieces rather than on items actually mailed, but one necessarily collects what is available.

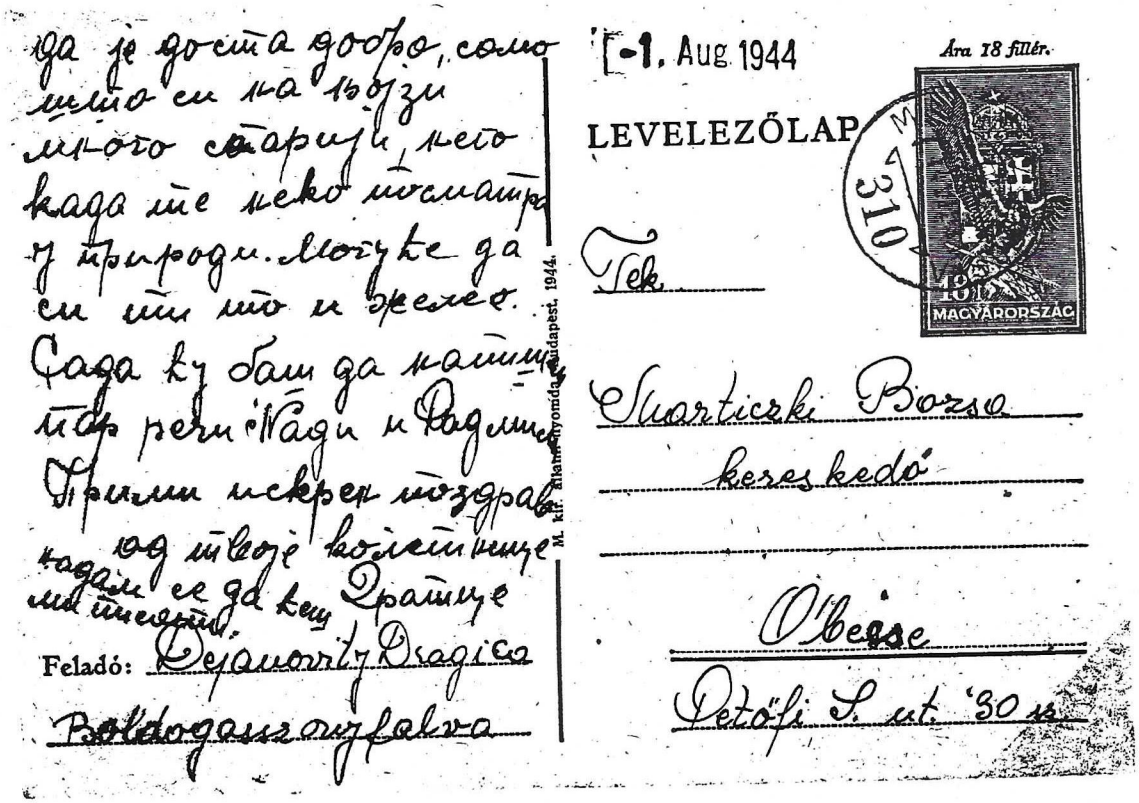
BACSKA
Traveling Post Offices

Magyar Kiraly Mozgopost
17 April 1941

M. Kir. Mozgopost
31 July 1944



The liberated Bacska territory provided a good rail connection to the lower Danube, so railway postal service was instituted quickly. Postmarks inscribed "Mozgopost" were issued to the Postal Conductors on the trains. Example here used on a picture postcard of Szabadka and apparently accepted as military mail free of postage.

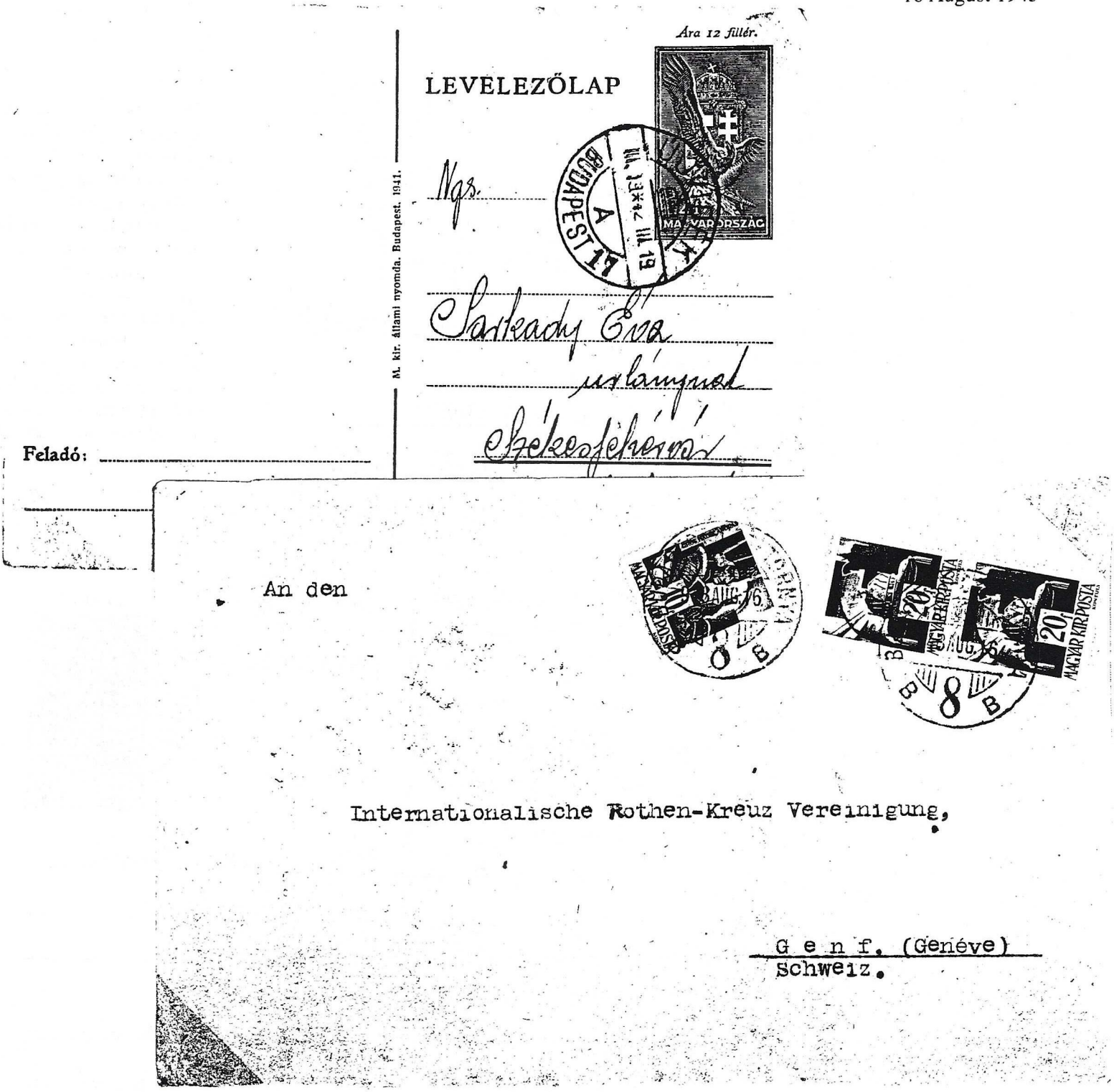


Later version of the Postal Conductor marking used on a postal card from Boldogasszonyfalva to Obecse, both of which are located in the Bacska territory.

BACSKA
Traveling Post Offices

Ujvidek/Budapest 17
19 March 1942

Budapest - Csaktornya 8
16 August 1943

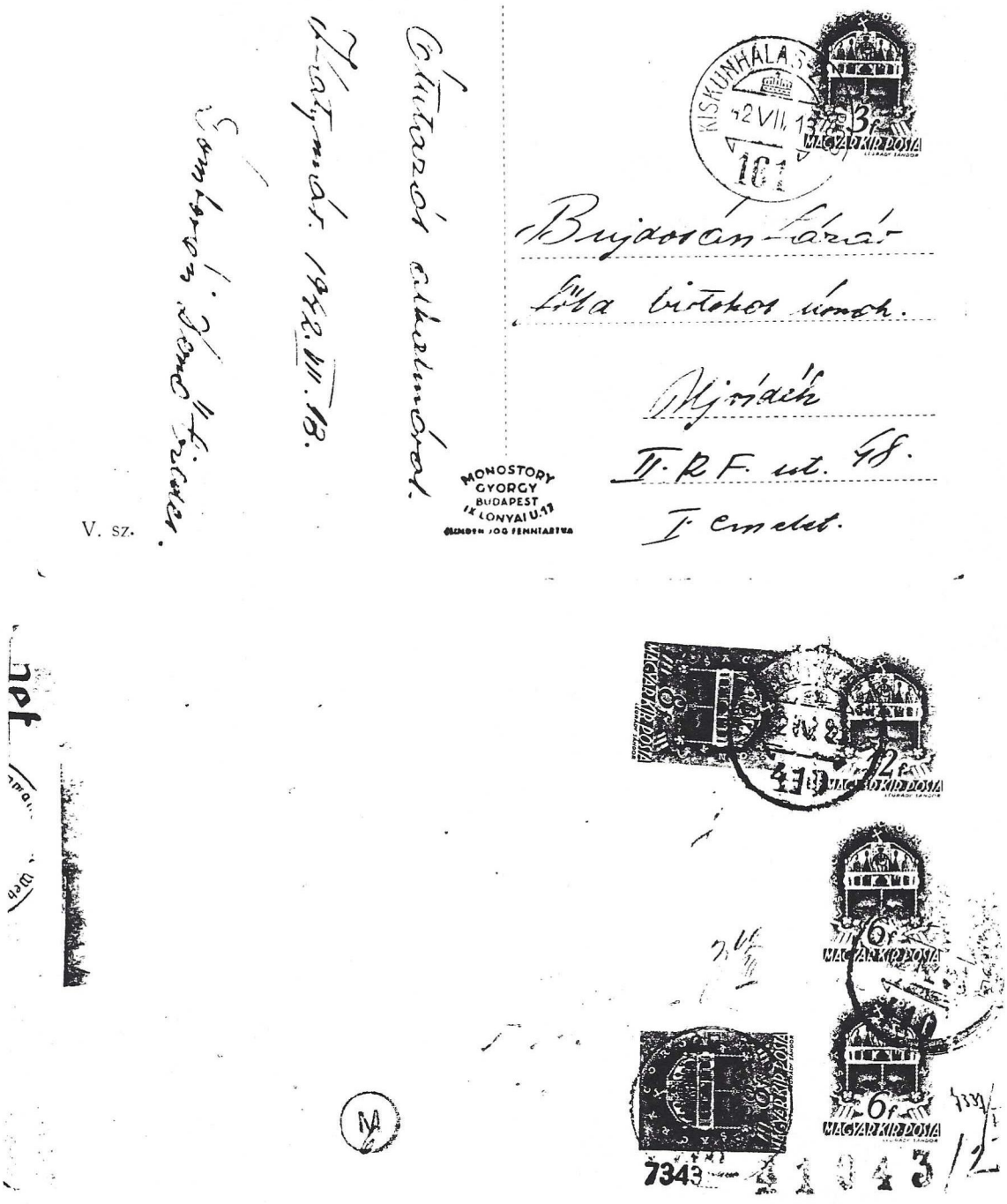


For use on the mainline trains, such as that from Budapest to Ujvidek, a large double-circle cds was provided. Used here on a 12 filler domestic postcard to Szekesfehervar and 50 filler international letter to Geneva.

BACSKA
Traveling Post Offices

Kiskunhalas - Zombor 161
13 July 1942

Zombor - Ujvidek 410
21 April 1942

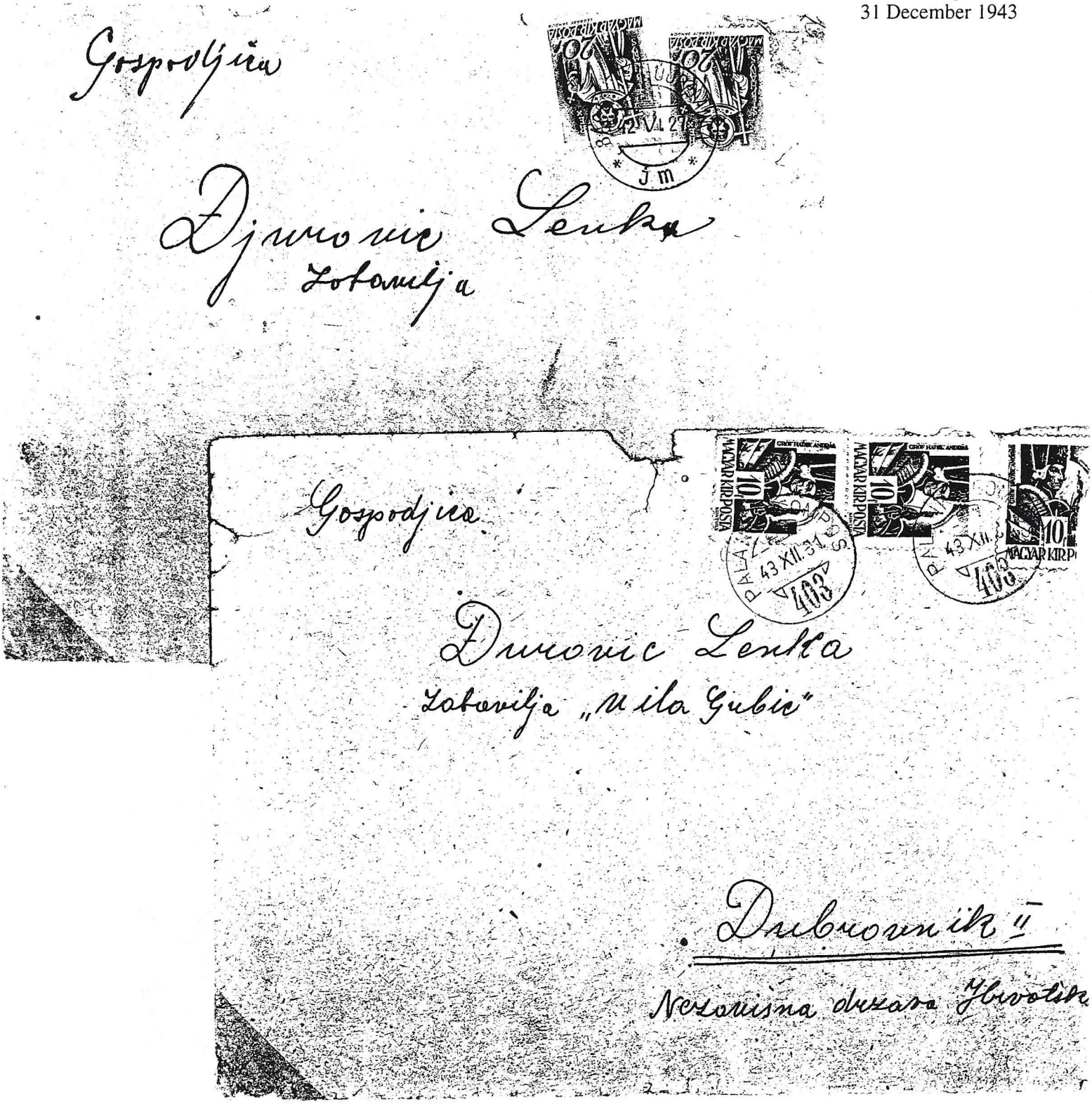


For use on the branch lines, a smaller cds was provided, inscribed with the name of the towns involved. Examples shown here are examples from two such lines serving Zombor.

BACSKA
Traveling Post Offices

Bacsordas - Ujpalanka
27 June 1942

Palanka - Gompos 403
31 December 1943



Some of the branch postmarks had the line number in the cancel; others did not. These examples sent to Dubrovnik in Croatia.

BACSKA
Official Mail

Zenta
6 May 1941



Official mail from the liberated territories is seldom seen, perhaps because the files were purged of royalist material during the Communist regime.

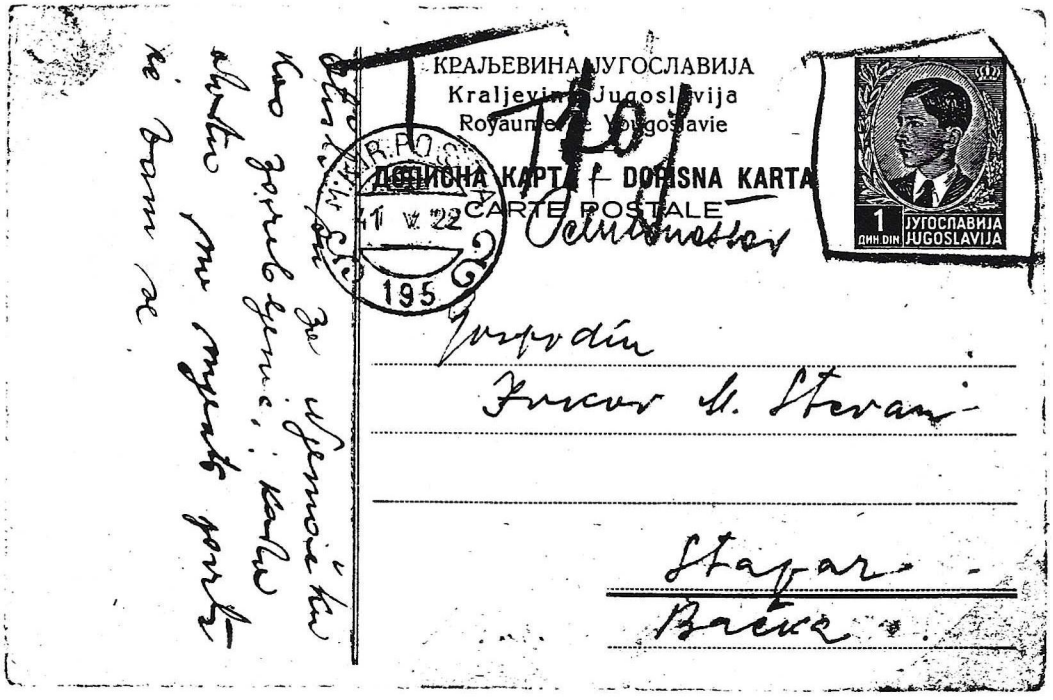
BACSKA
Postage Due Mail

Zombor
18 April 1941

M. Kir. Posta 195
22 May 1941



Mailed as a domestic postal card in Dakovo, Jugoslavia two days before the Axis invasion, this card was held up due to war, sent to Budapest for inspection and then forwarded to the addressee in Zombor. Double deficiency postage due was assessed upon arrival two weeks after mailing.



Mailed in May 1941 as a domestic postal card in Pelmonostor (Beli Manastir), the Jugoslav postage was invalid. Thus, 10 filler postage due was assessed as indicated by the blue manuscript marking.

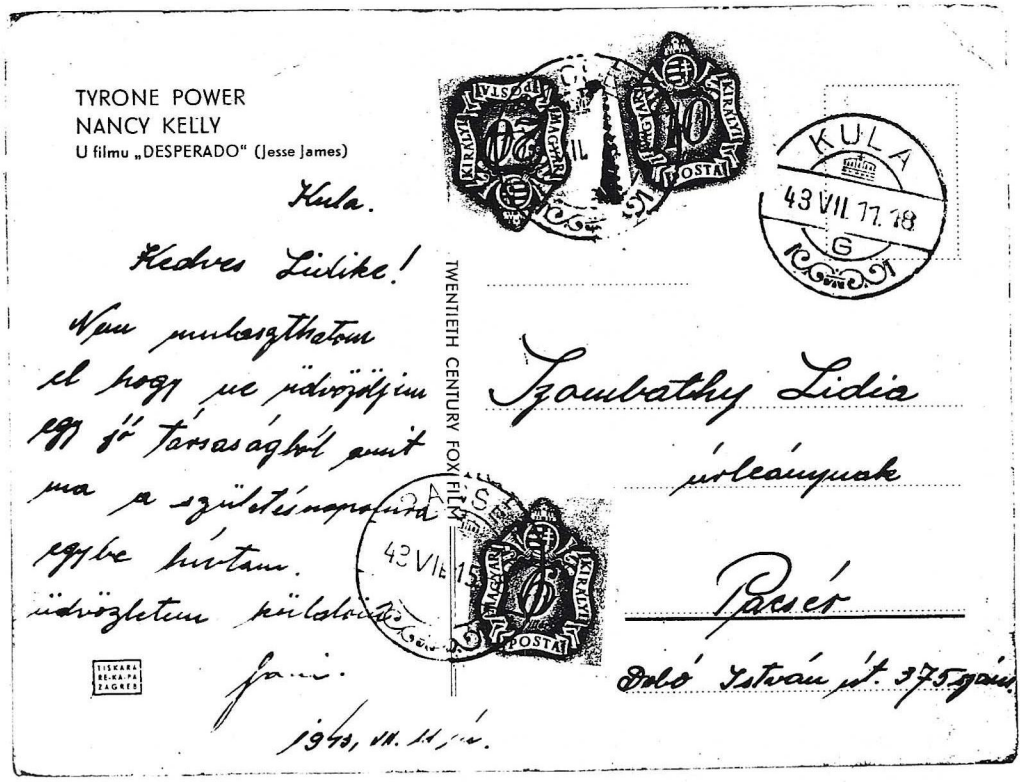
BACSKA
Postage Due Mail

Zombor
8 June 1942

Kula
11 July 1943



Mailed as a domestic letter in Croatia. However, by this time, Zombor was in a foreign country so it was underpaid by 10 filler. Thus, double deficiency postage due was assessed on arrival.



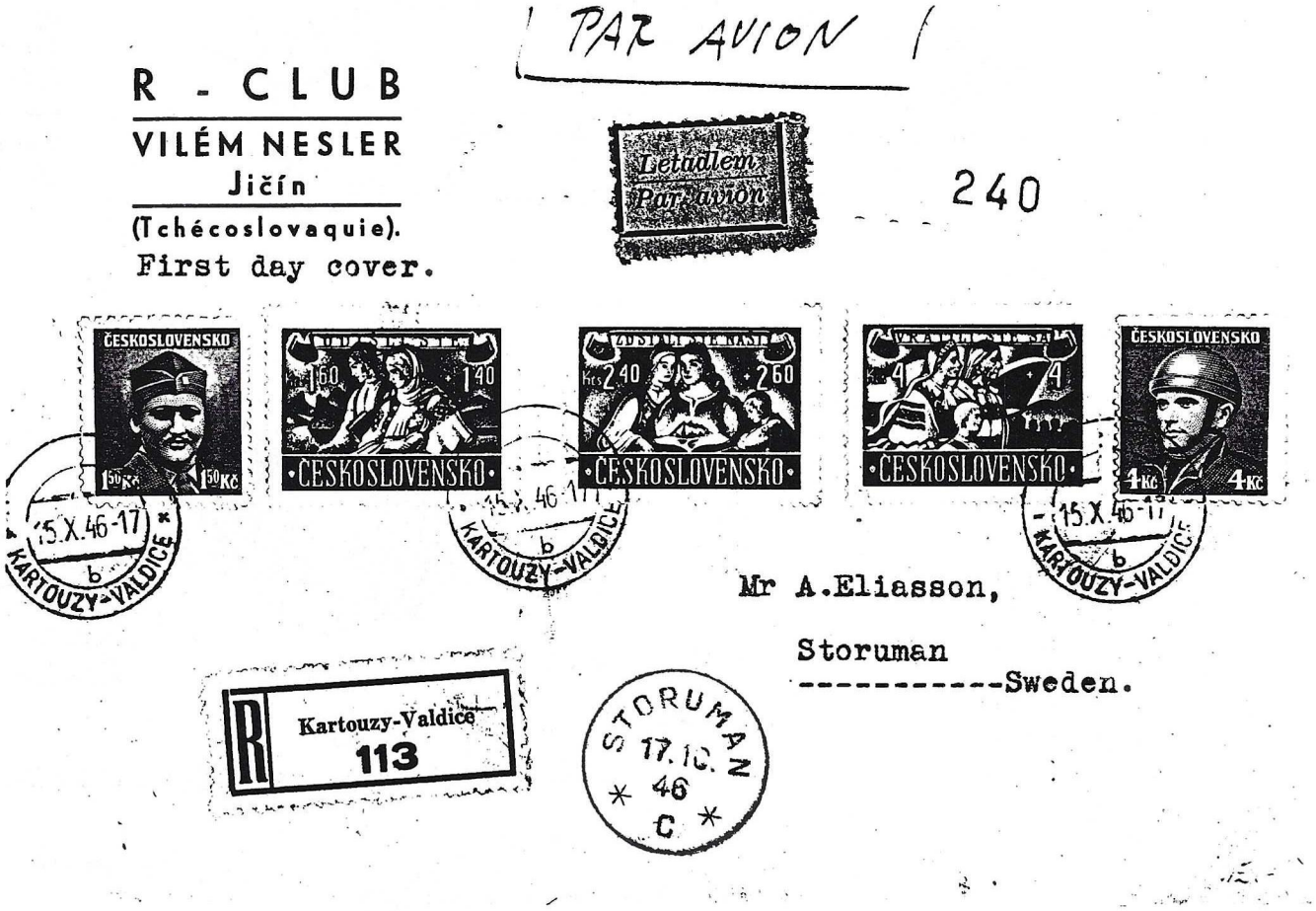
Mailed as a domestic postcard (movie theme) in Kula but without postage. The rate in 1943 was 18 filler, so double deficiency of 36 filler was charged when the card was delivered in Pacser (Pacir), which was also in the Bacska Province.

EPILOGUE

At the end of World War II in 1945, Hungary was forced to give up all of the territory that it had recovered in 1938-1941. Indeed, it was even required to give up to Czechoslovakia a few additional towns to the south of the Danube near Bratislava. Moreover, the Hungarian people were held as a subservient satellite of the Soviet Union for the ensuing 45 years until the eventual collapse of that empire. Thus, the era of Liberation came to an abrupt and painful end.

Praha
15 October 1946

FIRST DAY COVER



In 1946, the Czechoslovak post office issued a set of three semi-postals to honor the recovery of the southern portion of Slovakia from the Hungarians. The design of the stamps was based on the theme of "You went away; you remained ours; and you returned to us."