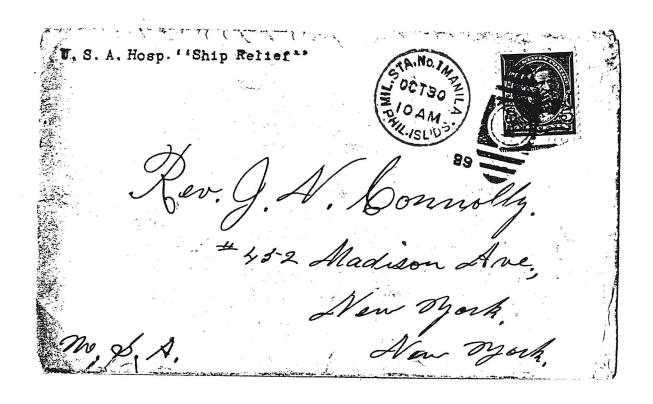
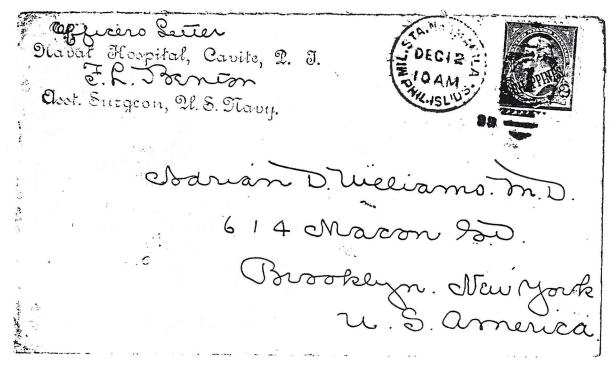


Covers originating from *U.S.S. Olympia* (Dewey's flagship at the battle of Manila Bay). Both are postmarked at Military Station No.1 Manila; the upper example was sent by Captain Lamberton to his father. Note "Flagship" corner card on reverse of lower cover.





Upper cover shows unusual usage from U. S. Hospital Ship Relief to minister in New York City. Lower cover from doctor at Cavite Naval Hospital to colleague in Brooklyn.

PHILIPPINES U. S. Monitor

Manila 17 July 1900

Charles of the second of the s

The monitor Monadnock (essentially a shallow-draft floating gun platform) was sent across the Pacific in June-August 1898, where it performed blockading duty in the Manila-Mariveles-Cavite area. Monadnock was launched in 1883, had a displacement of 4,000 tons, a main armament of four 10" guns and a compliment of 182. Mail from this vessel in the Philippines not previously recorded.

Guam was captured in the Spanish-American War when Captain Glass of the *U.S.S. Charleston*, en route to the Philippines, stopped at the island and demanded the surrender of the garrison on 20 June 1898. Guam was then ceded by Spain to the United States pursuant to the Treaty of Paris on 10 December 1898. Formal possession was not taken until Captain Leary of the *U.S.S. Yosemite* arrived with an appointment as governor on 10 August 1899.

Mariana Islands

Agana 11 September 1899

In. Danie Jona.

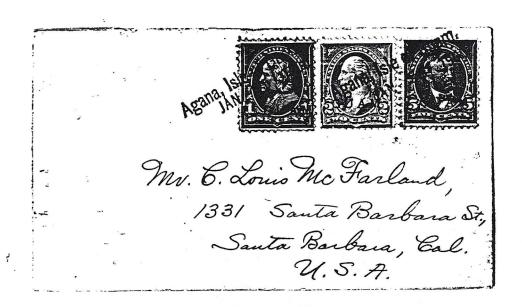
Comptide Par. R. R. L.

12 de Market Lh.

Philadephia

The postal history of Guam under U.S. administration began on 15 August 1899 when Chief Yeoman Hobby was appointed acting postmaster and began to sell stamps overprinted "Guam" that had been brought out on the *Yosemite*. Several of the old Spanish devices were used for cancelling mail, including the "Marianas" cds and the killer shown above. These have been recorded as being used from 21 August to 8 December 1899.

The U.S.S. Solace was the station ship for Guam, generally engaged in bringing supplies from the Philippines.



The initial postal activities took place on the *U.S.S. Yosemite*, but the facilities were moved ashore to Government House on or about 25 November 1899. The first American-made cancellation was a straight line marking reading "Agana, Isle of Guam" with date below. It is recorded as being used from 15 August 1899 to 22 May 1900.

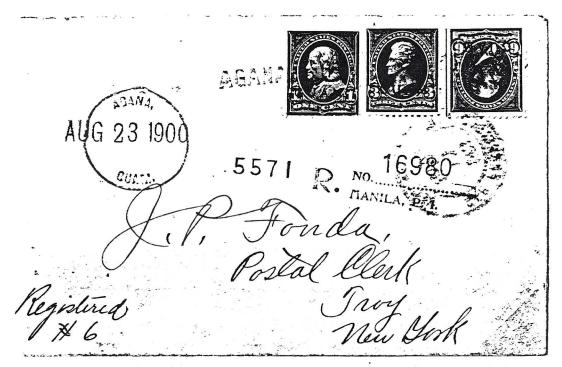
Registered .# 3 14417 J. O. Conant 139 Pack JUL 21:1900 1 H. D. ville ribees. 308 Stock Original Studies

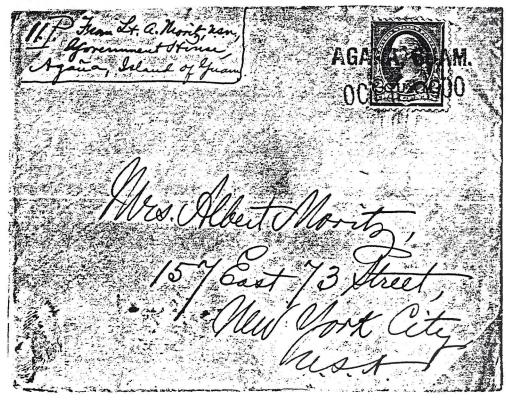
A second type of straight line cancellation consisted of two lines entirely in capital letters reading "Agana Isle/of Guam." This marking is recorded as being used from 14 June (above) to 14 October 1900.

Registry Return Receipt

REG	IS BE	RETURN I	RECEIPT sent	11/	W. 1	\^ :29	18 9.
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pear.	1		Erase letter or parce	el according to whi		· 15 14 1	(人) (計

Extraordinary usage of the second straight line cancellation (all capital letters) to validate a return receipt for a registered letter. It was used on 14 June 1900, the earliest recorded date for this marking, and the receipt is signed by "R. P. Leary USN/Governor" of the island.



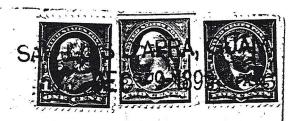


A third type of straight line cancellation consisted of a single line in capital letters reading "Agana, Guam." This marking is recorded as having been used from 7 February 1900 to 13 July 1901. On the upper cover it is used in conjunction with a new circular registry mark reading "Agana,/Guam" in a circle, with the date inserted separately. This marking is known used from August 1900 to January 1902.



The U.S.S. *Yosemite* initially anchored just off the Village of Agana. However, this proved to be a poor location because the water depth drops sharply less than a half mile from the reef. Thus, the ship moved to San Luis d'Apra harbor, which offered much better typhoon protection. The cover has a marking "U.S.S. Yosemite/San Louis (sic) d'Apra, Guam." Only two examples with this erroneous spelling are recorded. Backstamped San Francisco 8 October and Washington 13 October 1899.

6

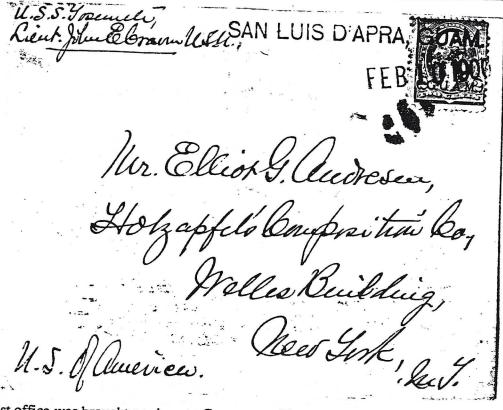


MAKINS & CO.

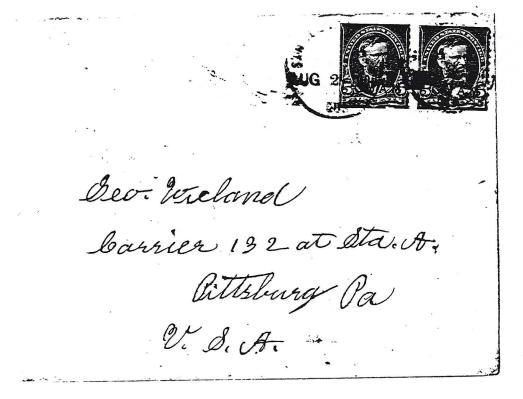
SAN FRANCISCO,

506 Market Street.

CAL.



After the Agana post office was brought on shore to Government House and the U.S.S. *Yosemite* moved to a safer anchorage, a new postmark was made up to be used on shipboard. This marking is normally seen as a simple straight line postmark, but it often was used in conjunction with a "bear claw" killer. Recorded usage is from 9 December 1899 (above) to 11 July 1900.





Capt. tat G. Phite.
195 U. S. Supartry.

Guann Sura en,

Mars: Katherine Phister

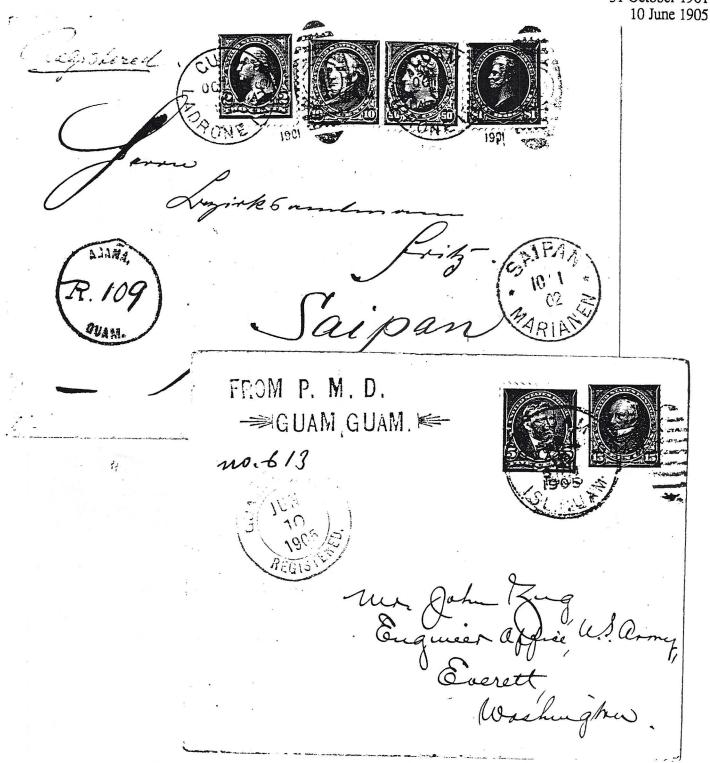
Font Thomas

Semport

Minusky.

The provisional "San Luis d'Apra" postmark was replaced with a circular rubber device, on which the dater was applied separately, sometimes overlapping the circular dial of the cancel. The life of this postmark was probably cut short by the sinking of the *Yosemite* following damage in a typhoon in November 1900. Recorded examples are known from 15 July to 15 October 1900.

Agana 31 October 1901 10 June 1905



A second postmark was placed in service shortly after the assumption of postal responsibility by the USPOD. In this case, the year date was inserted between the cds and the killer. This mark saw relatively limited use because of objections by the local people over the use of "Ladrone," which means "thieves" in Spanish. Usage recorded from 19 August 1901 to early 1903. The offensive "Ladrone" marking was replaced with a new duplex device, with the wording simplified to "Guam/Isl. Guam." It is recorded as used from 1 April 1903 to 29 June 1915.

Agana 7 January 1901 14 June 1900



During the period in which the Navy Department was responsible for the postal service, U.S. regular issue stamps of the 1895-1898 series overprinted "Guam" were used. A total of eleven values were issued, ranging in quantities from 105,000 of the 2 cent to only 3,000 of the \$1.00 value. Most of the higher denominations are found used on philatelic covers.

REGISTERED.



Herrn OTTO BICKEL

2165

Agana, Isle of Guam,

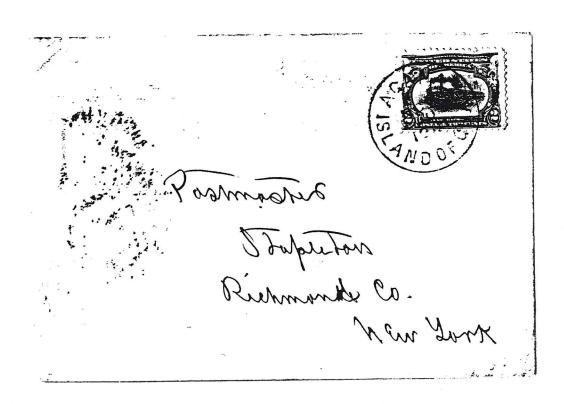
Reg Nº 348

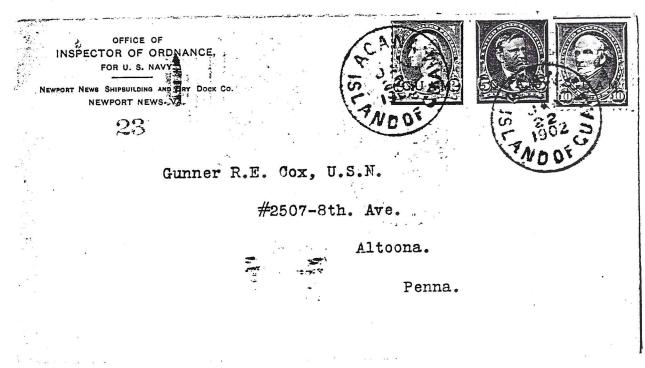
183

Zehlendorf

bei Berlin Allemagne-Germany.

In addition to the overprints on regular postage, 5,000 copies of the 1895 10 cent special delivery stamp were also overprinted "Guam." Note the late usage on the above philatelic cover of the straight line "Agana, Isle of Guam" as an auxiliary registration marking.





As of 29 March 1901, the Post Office Department took over responsibility for the postal service on Guam from the Navy and began to sell unoverprinted U.S. stamps, although the "Guam" overprints remained valid for postage. A new steel cds was introduced reading "Agana/Island of Guam." It is recorded used from April 1901 to 30 November 1904.

Marches Letter

SANFRANCISCO.

DET 2010-AM'00 - 17

Mr Weigher, Foreman

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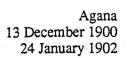
C130-Toro Maso.

U.S. A.

With the strong Naval presence on Guam, Marines were posted on the island from the earliest days of the U.S. occupation. However, identifiable letters from Marines are uncommon and sought after by specialists.

GUAM Naval Mail

Printed corner card of the U.S. Naval Station, Island of Guam on cover sent to Barcelona, Spain.



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co 60 and 62,
SPAIN

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, AGANA, GUAM.

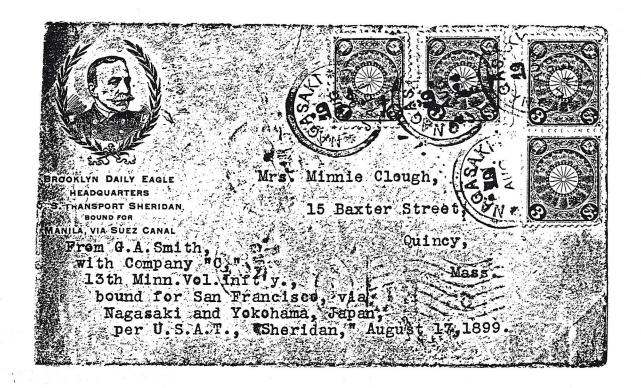
NAVY PIMENT,
OFFICE BUSINESS,
PENAL FOUR ALE BE \$300.

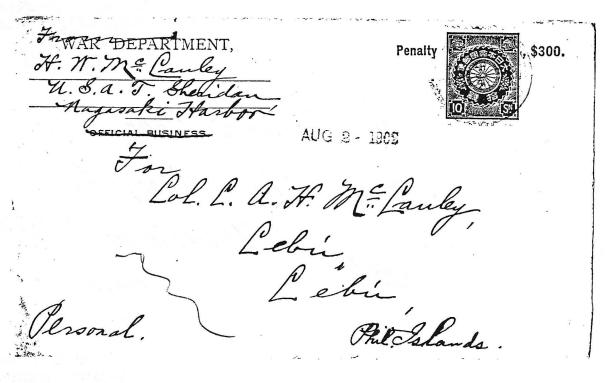
Mr. Nathan Cobe, Hub Shamp Co. Zoatham 11825

Mass.



Official U.S. Navy Department registered cover sent from Government House, Agana.





The state volunteer troops called up on a temporary basis were replaced as regular army personnel could be trained and sent over to the Philippines. Upper cover from a volunteer being sent home via Japan on an Army transport ship, apparently after serving twelve months. Lower cover also from soldier on U.S.A.T. Sheridan but after completing service during the Philippine insurrection.